

INDEX GUIDELINE

Solactive India Quality Select Index

Version 2

27 July 2020



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INDEX GUIDELINE

Introduction

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INTRODUCTION

This document (the “Guideline”) is to be used as a guideline with regard to the composition, calculation and maintenance of the Index. Any changes made to the Guideline are initiated by the Committee specified in Section 1.6. The Index is calculated and published by Solactive AG. The name “Solactive” is trademarked.

It contains the underlying principles and rules regarding the structure and operation of the Solactive India Quality Select Index (the “Index”). Solactive AG shall make every effort to implement the applicable regulations. Solactive AG does not offer any explicit or tacit guarantee or assurance, neither pertaining to the results from the use of the Index nor the Index value at any certain point in time nor in any other respect. The Index is merely calculated and published by Solactive AG and it strives to the best of its ability to ensure the correctness of the calculation. There is no obligation for Solactive AG – irrespective of possible obligations to issuers – to advise third parties, including investors and/or financial intermediaries, of any errors in the Index. The publication of the Index by Solactive AG does not constitute a recommendation for capital investment and does not contain any assurance or opinion of Solactive AG regarding a possible investment in a financial instrument based on this Index.



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Index Specifications



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1 INDEX SPECIFICATIONS

- > The Solactive India Quality Select Index (the “Index”) is owned, calculated, administered and published by Solactive AG (“Solactive”) assuming the role as administrator (the “Index Administrator”) under the Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (the “Benchmark Regulation” or “BMR”).’.
- > The Index intends to track the price movements of a portfolio of 30 Indian companies that show above average quality characteristics.
- > The Index is calculated as Price Return, Net Total Return, and Gross Total Return.
- > The Index is published in AUD.

1.1 SHORT NAME AND ISIN

The Index is distributed under the following identifiers:

Name	ISIN	Characteristic	Reuters	Bloomberg
Solactive India Quality Select Index PR	DE000SLA7YV4	Price Return	.SOLINQSP	SOLINQSP
Solactive India Quality Select Index NTR	DE000SLA7YW2	Net Total Return	.SOLINQSN	SOLINQSN
Solactive India Quality Select Index TR	DE000SLA7YX0	Gross Total Return	.SOLINQST	-

1.2 INITIAL VALUE

The Index is based on 1000 at the close of trading on the start date June 20th, 2008.

1.3 DISTRIBUTION

The Index is published on the website of the Index Administrator (www.solactive.com) and is, in addition, available via the price marketing services of Boerse Stuttgart GmbH and may be distributed to all affiliated vendors.. Each vendor decides on an individual basis as to whether it will distribute/display the Index via its information systems.

1.4 PRICES AND CALCULATION FREQUENCY

The price of the Index is calculated on each Business Day based on the prices on the respective Exchanges on which the Index Components are listed. The most recent prices of all Index Components are used. Prices of Index Components not listed in the Index Currency are converted using the current Intercontinental Exchange (the „ICE“) spot foreign exchange rate. Should there be no current price available for an Index Component, the most recent price or the Trading Price for the preceding Trading Day is used in the calculation. The daily index closing value is calculated using Reuters/WMCO closing spot rates as at 4pm London time.



The Index is calculated every Business Day from 1:00 a.m. to 17:00 p.m., CET. In the event that data cannot be provided to Reuters or to the pricing services of Boerse Stuttgart GmbH, the Index cannot be distributed.

1.5 WEIGHTING

On each Selection Day, the new Index Components are weighted according to the rules outlined in section 2.1. The relevant shares are calculated based on the closing prices of the Selection Day, and these are used and implemented as of the close on the Adjustment Day. The Shares are adjusted for corporate actions between Selection Day and Adjustment Day. This only relates to corporate actions that have a direct impact on the price and shares (i.e. stock splits, stock dividends, rights issues).

1.6 OVERSIGHT

A Committee composed of staff from Solactive AG (the “Committee” or the “Index Committee”) is responsible for decisions regarding any amendments to the rules of the index.

Changes to the Guideline are submit to the Committee for approval.

1.7 PUBLICATION

All specifications and information relevant for calculating the Index are made available on the <http://www.solactive.com> web page and sub-pages.

1.8 HISTORICAL DATA

Historical data will be maintained from the launch of the Index on May 14th, 2019.

1.9 LICENSING

Licenses to use the Index as the underlying value for derivative instruments are issued to stock exchanges, banks, financial services providers and investment houses by Solactive AG.



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Composition of the Index



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2 COMPOSITION OF THE INDEX

2.1 SELECTION OF THE INDEX COMPONENTS

The initial composition of the Index as well as any ongoing adjustment are based on the following non-discretionary rules.

On the Selection Days, Solactive AG defines the Index Universe as outlined in Section 4. The selection of the Index Components proceeds as follows:

1. The largest 75 securities by Free Float Market Capitalization (FFMCAP) are selected from the Index Universe. If a current Index Constituent is ranked between 75 and 100 based on FFMCAP, it will replace the lowest ranked company from the top 75 that is not a current Index Constituent.
2. The pool of 75 securities as determined by step 1 is split into two groups. Group 1 contains the largest companies having a sum of FFMCAP that approaches but does not exceed 50%, with a maximum of 13 securities. The remaining securities make up Group 2. The following buffer rules are considered when determining the final groups for any Selection Day excluding the first:
 - Securities that were part of Group 1 as of the latest selection and are part of the current top 75, must fall outside the 55% by cumulative FFMCAP to be removed from Group 1
 - Securities that were not part of Group 1 as of the latest selection and are part of the current top 75, must fall within the highest 45% by cumulative FFMCAP to be added to Group 1. If this leads to more than 13 securities in Group 1, the security with the lowest FFMCAP will be removed from Group 1 and assigned to Group 2
3. The following metrics are calculated for all 75 securities based on latest available values as of the Selection Day:

- $Return\ on\ Equity\ (ROE) = \frac{Net\ Income}{Total\ Equity}$

- $Earnings\ Per\ Share\ Growth\ 1-year\ (EPSG) = \frac{EPS_t - EPS_{t-1}}{|EPS_{t-1}|}$

- $Debt/Equity\ (DE) = \frac{Short-Term+Long-Term\ Debt}{Total\ Equity}$

- $Earnings\ Stability\ 5-years\ (ES) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{t=1}^5 (ROE_t - \overline{ROE})^2}{t-1}}$

Only calculated if ROE available for a minimum of 3-years

where:

EPS_t = Latest available earnings per share as of Selection Day

EPS_{t-1} = Latest available earnings per share as of 1 year prior to Selection Day

ROE_t = Latest available Return on Equity as of year t

\overline{ROE} = Average Return on Equity over the last 5 years



4. Securities are ranked according to each of the 4 metrics as calculated in step 3. ROE and EPSG are ranked in ascending order where the highest value receives the highest score. DE and ES and are ranked in descending order where the highest value receives the lowest score. In the case of equally ranked companies, they all receive the same score according to their highest positional score. Securities that have no data for a certain metric are assigned a score of 1.

5. All securities receive a Composite Score in accordance with the following formula:

$$CompositeScore = \frac{1}{3}ROE_{score} + \frac{1}{3}EPSG_{score} + \frac{1}{6}DE_{score} + \frac{1}{6}ES_{score}$$

6. Each security is ranked based on its Composite Score within Group 1 and Group 2. All securities in Group 1 are included in the index. For Group 2 the number of securities is determined as follows:

$$N_{group2} = 30 - N_{group1}$$

where:

N = Number of companies in Group 1 and Group 2 respectively

All securities ranked highest on their Composite Score within Group 2 are selected for the final index such that the required number of companies in Group 2 is reached (i.e. N_{group2}). The following buffer rules are considered when determining the final index constituents from Group 2 for any Selection Day excluding the first:

- Securities that are current Index Constituent and are part of the current Group 2, must rank lower than 30 based on its Composite Score within Group 2 to be removed from the index.
 - If this leads to more than 30 securities in the index, the lowest ranked securities that are not current Index Constituents will be removed. Note that if all members in Group 2 remain due to the buffer rule and Group 1 increases in size, the index could end up with more than 30 securities
7. Final weights are calculated as follows:
 - Group 1: the total weights of Group 1 will be equal to the sum of the FFMCAP weights of the securities in Group 1. The remaining weights will be assigned o Group 2.
 - Within Group 1 the security with the highest Composite Score receives a weight that is two times larger than the weight of the security with the lower Composite Score. Each security in between receives a weight that increase linearly based on its rank within Group 1
 - Within Group 2 the security with the highest Composite Score receives a weight that is two times larger than the weight of the security with the lower Composite Score. Each security in between receives a weight that increase linearly based on its rank within Group 2



2.2 ORDINARY ADJUSTMENT

The composition of the Index is adjusted annually. The composition of the Index is reviewed on the Selection Day and necessary changes are announced.

The first adjustment will be made in June 2019 based on the Trading Prices of the Index Components on the Adjustment Day.

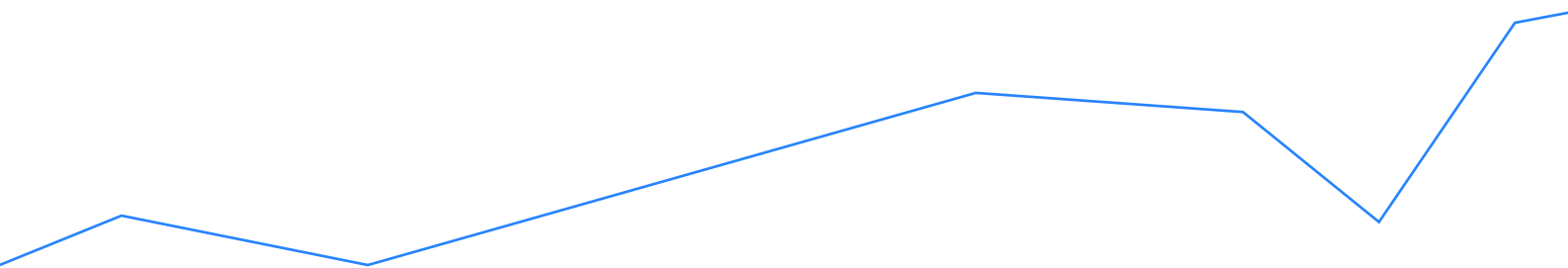
2.3 EXTRAORDINARY ADJUSTMENT

An extraordinary adjustment, if applicable, is triggered and applied in compliance with the rules set forth in the [Solactive Guideline for Extraordinary Corporate Actions](#).



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Calculation of the Index



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3 CALCULATION OF THE INDEX

3.1 INDEX FORMULA

The Index Value on a Business Day at the relevant time is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$Index_t = \sum_{i=1}^n x_{i,t} * p_{i,t}$$

With:

- $x_{i,t}$ = Number of Shares of the Index Component i on Trading Day t
- $p_{i,t}$ = Price of Index Component i on Trading Day t in Index Currency

3.2 ACCURACY

- > The value of the Index will be rounded to 2 decimal places.
- > The Number of Shares of the Index Components will be rounded to six decimal places.

3.3 ADJUSTMENTS

Indices need to be adjusted for systematic changes in prices once these become effective. This requires the new Number of Index Shares of the affected Index Component.

Following the Committee's decision, the Index is adjusted for distributions, capital increases and stock splits.

This procedure ensures that the first ex quote can be properly reflected in the calculation of the Index. This ex-ante procedure assumes the general acceptance of the Index calculation formula as well as open access to the parameter values used. The calculation parameters are provided by the Index Calculator.

3.4 DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

Dividend payments and other distributions are included in the Index. They cause an adjustment of the Number of Shares. The new Number of Shares is calculated as follows:

$$x_{i,t} = x_{i,t-1} * \frac{p_{i,t-1}}{p_{i,t-1} - D_{i,t}}$$

with:

- $x_{i,t}$ = Number of Shares of the Index Component i on Trading Day t



$D_{i,t}$ = Payment on Trading Day t multiplied by the Dividend Correction Factor of the respective country

3.5 CORPORATE ACTIONS

3.5.1 Principles

Following the announcement by an issuer of Index Components of the terms and conditions of a corporate action, the Index Calculator determines whether such corporate action has a dilutive, concentrative or similar effect on the price of the respective Index Component.

If this should be the case, the Index Calculator shall make the necessary adjustments that are deemed appropriate in order to take into account the dilutive, concentrative or similar effect and shall determine the date on which this adjustment shall come into effect.

Amongst other things, the Index Calculator can take into account the adjustment made by an Affiliated Exchange as a result of the corporate action with regard to option and futures contracts on the respective share traded on this Affiliated Exchange.

3.5.2 Capital increases

In the case of capital increases (from the company's own resources or through cash contributions) the new Numbers of Shares are calculated as follows:

$$x_{i,t} = x_{i,t-1} * \frac{p_{i,t-1}}{p_{i,t-1} - rB_{i,t-1}} \quad \text{with:} \quad rB_{i,t-1} = \frac{p_{i,t-1} - B - N}{BV + 1}$$

with:

$x_{i,t}$ = Number of Shares of Index Component i on the day of the distribution

$x_{i,t-1}$ = Number of Shares of Index Component i on the day prior to the distribution

$p_{i,t-1}$ = Closing price on the day prior to ex-date

$rB_{i,t-1}$ = Calculated value of rights issue

B = Price of rights issue

N = Dividend disadvantage

BV = Subscription ratio

$B = 0$ if capital is increased from the company's own resources.

The last dividend paid or the announced dividend proposal is applied as the dividend disadvantage. 3.5.3 Capital reductions

In the case of capital reductions, the new Number of Shares is determined as follows:



$$x_{i,t} = x_{i,t-1} * \frac{1}{H_{i,t}}$$

with:

$H_{i,t}$ = Reduction ratio of the company on day t

$x_{i,t}$ = Number of Shares of the affected Index Component on the day of the distribution

$x_{i,t-1}$ = Number of Shares of the affected Index Component on the day prior to the distribution

3.5.4 Share splits and par value conversions

In the case of share splits and par value conversions it is assumed that the prices change in ratio to the number of shares or to the par values. The new Number of Shares is calculated as follows:

$$x_{i,t} = x_{i,t-1} * \frac{N_{i,t-1}}{N_{i,t}}$$

with:

$N_{i,t-1}$ = Former par value of security class i (or new number of shares)

$N_{i,t}$ = New par value of security class i (or former number of shares)

$x_{i,t}$ = Number of Shares of the affected Index Component on the day of the distribution

$x_{i,t-1}$ = Number of Shares of the affected Index Component on the day prior to the distribution

3.6 MISCELLANEOUS

3.6.1 Recalculation

Solactive AG makes the greatest possible efforts to accurately calculate and maintain its indices. However, the occurrence of errors in the index determination process cannot be ruled out. In such cases Solactive AG adheres to its publicly available [Correction Policy](#).

3.6.2 Market Disruption

In periods of market stress Solactive AG calculates its indices following predefined and exhaustive arrangements set out in its publicly available [Disruption Policy](#).



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Definitions



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4 DEFINITIONS

The “Index Universe” in respect of a Selection Day are companies that fulfill the following criteria*:

- Part of the Solactive GBS India All Cap Index (ISIN: DE000SLA86Y3, RIC: .SINACUP)
- Listed on the National Stock Exchange of India (NSE)
- Average Daily Value Traded (ADV) of 1,500,000 USD over the past month and the past 6 months
- Median Daily Value Traded (MDV) of 1,500,000 USD over the past month and the past 6 months

* The Index Universe prior to May 2017 is determined according to the rules outlined in Appendix 5.3

The “Index Component” is each share currently included in the Index.

The “**Number of Shares**” are in respect of an Index Component and any given Business Day the number or fraction of shares included in the Index. It is calculated for any Index Component as the ratio of (A) the Percentage Weight of an Index Component multiplied by the Index value and (B) its Trading Price (converted into the Index Currency according to the principles laid out in Section 1.4 of this document).

The “Percentage Weight” of an Index Component is the ratio of its Trading Price multiplied by its Number of Shares divided by the Index value.

The “Dividend Correction Factor” is calculated as 1 minus the applicable withholding tax rate and/or other applicable tax rate currently prevalent in the respective country.

In particular, an “Extraordinary Event” is

- > a Merger
- > a Takeover Bid
- > a Delisting
- > the Nationalization of a company
- > Insolvency.

An Index Component is “delisted” if the Exchange announces pursuant to the Exchange regulations that the listing of, the trading in, or the issuing of public quotes on the Index Component at the Exchange has ceased immediately or will cease at a later date, for whatever reason (provided the Delisting is not because of a Merger or a Takeover Bid), and the Index Component is not immediately listed, traded or quoted again on an exchange, trading or listing system, acceptable to the Index Calculator.

“Insolvency” occurs with regard to an Index Component if (A) all shares of the respective issuer must be transferred to a trustee, liquidator, insolvency administrator or a similar public officer as result of voluntary or compulsory liquidation, insolvency or winding-up proceedings or comparable proceedings affecting the issuer of the Index Components or (B) the holders of the shares of this issuer are legally enjoined from transferring the shares.



A “Takeover Bid” is a bid to acquire, an exchange offer, or any other offer or act of a legal person that results in the related legal person acquiring as part of an exchange or otherwise more than 10% and less than 100% of the voting shares in circulation from the issuer of the Index Component or the right to acquire these shares, as determined by the Index Calculator based on notices submitted to public or self-regulatory authorities or other information considered by the Index Calculator to be relevant.

With regard to an Index Component, a “Merger” is

- (i) a change in the security class or a conversion of this share class that results in a transfer or an ultimate definite obligation to transfer all the shares in circulation to another legal person,
- (ii) a merger (either by acquisition or through forming a new structure) or a binding obligation on the part of the issuer to exchange shares with another legal person (except in a merger or share exchange under which the issuer of this Index Component is the acquiring or remaining company and which does not involve a change in security class or a conversion of all the shares in circulation),
- (iii) a takeover offer, exchange offer, other offer or another act of a legal person for the purposes of acquiring or otherwise obtaining from the issuer 100% of the shares issued that entails a transfer or the irrevocable obligation to transfer all shares (with the exception of shares that are held and controlled by the legal person), or
- (iv) a merger (either by acquisition or through forming a new structure) or a binding obligation on the part of the issuer of the share or its subsidiaries to exchange shares with another legal person, whereby the issuer of the share is the acquiring or remaining company and it does not involve a change in the class or a conversion of the all shares issued, but the shares in circulation directly prior to such an event (except for shares held and controlled by the legal person) represent in total less than 50% of the shares in circulation directly subsequent to such an event.

The “Merger Date” is the date on which a Merger is concluded or the date specified by the Index Calculator if such a date cannot be determined under the law applicable to the Merger.

“Nationalization” is a process whereby all shares or the majority of the assets of the issuer of the shares are nationalized or are expropriated or otherwise must be transferred to public bodies, authorities or institutions.

The “Exchange” is, in respect of the Index and every Index Component, the respective primary exchange where the Index Component has its primary listing. The Committee may decide to declare a different stock exchange the “Exchange” for trading reasons, even if the company is only listed there via a Stock Substitute.

A “Stock Substitute” includes in particular, American Depository Receipts (ADR) and Global Depository Receipts (GDR).

With regard to an Index Component (subject to the provisions given above under “Extraordinary Events”) the “Trading Price” in respect of a Trading Day is the closing price on this Trading Day determined in accordance with the Exchange regulations. If the Exchange has no closing price for an Index Component, the Index Calculator shall determine the Trading Price and the time of the quote for the share in question in a manner that appears reasonable to it.

A “Trading Day” is with respect to an Index Component included in the Index at the Rebalancing Day and every Index Component included in the Index at the Calculation Day immediately following the



Rebalancing Day (for clarification: this provision is intended to capture the Trading Days for the securities to be included in the Index as new Index Components with close of trading on the relevant exchange on the Rebalancing Day) a day on which the relevant Exchange is open for trading (or a day that would have been such a day if a market disruption had not occurred), excluding days on which trading may be ceased prior to the scheduled Exchange closing time. The Index Calculator is ultimately responsible as to whether a certain day is a Trading Day.

The “Index Calculator” is Solactive AG or any other appropriately appointed successor in this function.

The “Index Currency” is AUD.

The “Market Capitalization” is with regard to each of the securities in the Index on a Selection Day the share class-specific Market Capitalisation for any security in the Index Universe. It is calculated as the multiplication of the shares outstanding (as sourced from data vendors) with the Trading Price of the share class as of the respective Selection Day.

“Free Float Market Capitalization” is with regard to each of the securities in the Index on a Selection Day the share class-specific Free Float Market Capitalization for any security in the Index Universe. It is calculated as the multiplication of the shares outstanding in Free Float (as sourced from data vendors) multiplied with the Trading Price of the share class as of the respective Selection Day.

A “Business Day” is every weekday from Monday through Friday.

A “Calculation Day” is every weekday from Monday through Friday.

The “Adjustment Day” is the third Friday in June. If that day is not a Trading Day the Adjustment Day will be the following Trading Day.

The “Selection Day” is the last Business Day in May.

A “Market Disruption Event” occurs if

1. one of the following events occurs or exists on a Trading Day prior to the opening quotation time for an Index Component:
 - A) trading is suspended or restricted (due to price movements that exceed the limits allowed by the Exchange or an Affiliated Exchange, or for other reasons):
 - 1.1. across the whole Exchange; or
 - 1.2. in options or futures contracts on or with regard to an Index Component or an Index Component that is quoted on an Affiliated Exchange; or
 - 1.3. on an Exchange or in a trading or quotation system (as determined by the Index Calculator) in which an Index Component is listed or quoted; or
 - B) an event that (in the assessment of the Index Calculator) generally disrupts and affects the opportunities of market participants to execute on the Exchange transactions in respect of a share included in the Index or to determine market values for a share included in the Index or to execute on an Affiliated Exchange transaction with regard to options and futures contracts on these shares or to determine market values for such options or futures contracts.
2. trading on the Exchange or an Affiliated Exchange is ceased prior to the “Normal Exchange Closing Time”, which is the time at which the Exchange or an Affiliated Exchange is normally closed on working days without taking into account after-hours trading or other trading activities



carried out outside the normal trading hours. An exception to this classification as a Market Disruption Event is where the early cessation of trading is announced by the Exchange or Affiliated Exchange on this Trading Day at least one hour before

- 2.1. the actual closing time for normal trading on the Exchange or Affiliated Exchange on the Trading Day in question or, if earlier.
- 2.2. the closing time (if given) of the Exchange or Affiliated Exchange for the execution of orders at the time the quote is given.
3. a general moratorium is imposed on banking transactions in the country in which the Exchange is resident if the above-mentioned events are material in the assessment of the Index Calculator, whereby the Index Calculator makes its decision based on those circumstances that it considers reasonable and appropriate.



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Appendix



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5 APPENDIX

5.1 CONTACT DATA

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5.2 CHANGES IN CALCULATION METHOD

The application by the Index Calculator of the method described in this document is final and binding. The Index Calculator shall apply the method described above for the composition and calculation of the Index. However, it cannot be excluded that the market environment, supervisory, legal, financial or tax reasons may require changes to be made to this method. The Index Calculator may also make changes to the terms and conditions of the Index and the method applied to calculate the Index that it deems to be necessary and desirable in order to prevent obvious or demonstrable error or to remedy, correct or supplement incorrect terms and conditions. The Index Calculator is not obliged to provide information on any such modifications or changes. Despite the modifications and changes, the Index Calculator will take the appropriate steps to ensure a calculation method is applied that is consistent with the method described above.

5.3 DETERMINATION OF CUSTOM HISTORICAL INDEX UNIVERSE

The “Index Universe” in respect of a Selection Day prior to May 2017 are companies that fulfill the following criteria*:



- Listed on the National Stock Exchange of India (NSE) or the Bombay Stock Exchange (BOM). If a security is listed on both exchanges, the NSE listing gets selected
- Average Daily Value Traded (ADV) of 1,500,000 USD over the past month and the past 6 months
- Median Daily Value Traded (MDV) of 1,500,000 USD over the past month and the past 6 months
- Index Components require a Foreign Ownership Room of at least 7.5%
- Index Components for which foreign ownership information is available, must have at least 2% available shares for foreign investors
- The weight of Index Components with a Foreign Ownership Room of less than 15% is reduced by 50%
- If the Foreign Ownership Room of an Index Component drops below 7.5% but the company has a Depositary Receipt which fulfills the Tradability Requirements, the company is kept in the Index and its weight is reduced by 50%
- Securities appearing on the Red Flag or Breach List of the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) or Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) are not eligible for Index inclusion